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Java Quick Access (Quick Access Reference Charts)



Quick Access™

Handy Computer Reference

JAVA™

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JAVA FILE SYSTEM

FILE NAMES: In Java, file names are case sensitive. The file name `myFile.java` is not the same as `MyFile.java`.

FILE EXTENSIONS: The file extension is the part of the file name that appears after the period and before the file name's ending space and extension. For example, the file `myFile.java` has a file extension of `.java`.

FILE PATHS: A file's path is the sequence of directories that lead to the file. For example, the file `myFile.java` is located in the `src` directory of the `java` package.

FILE SEPARATORS: The file separator is the character that separates the file name from the file path. In Java, the file separator is the forward slash (`/`).

FILE ACCESS: The file access is the permission that allows the file to be accessed. In Java, the file access is the `File` class.

FILE METHODS: The file methods are the methods that are used to access the file. In Java, the file methods are the `File` class methods.

Key Java Operators

Operator	Description	Example
<code>+</code>	Addition	<code>int a = 10;</code>
<code>*</code>	Multiplication	<code>int b = 20;</code>
<code>-</code>	Subtraction	<code>int c = 10;</code>
<code>/</code>	Division	<code>int d = 10;</code>
<code>%</code>	Modulus	<code>int e = 10;</code>
<code><</code>	Less than	<code>int f = 10;</code>
<code>></code>	Greater than	<code>int g = 10;</code>
<code><=</code>	Less than or equal to	<code>int h = 10;</code>
<code>>=</code>	Greater than or equal to	<code>int i = 10;</code>
<code>==</code>	Equal to	<code>int j = 10;</code>
<code>!=</code>	Not equal to	<code>int k = 10;</code>
<code> </code>	Logical OR	<code>int l = 10;</code>
<code>&&</code>	Logical AND	<code>int m = 10;</code>
<code>^</code>	Logical XOR	<code>int n = 10;</code>
<code>~</code>	Logical NOT	<code>int o = 10;</code>
<code>&</code>	Bitwise AND	<code>int p = 10;</code>
<code> </code>	Bitwise OR	<code>int q = 10;</code>
<code>^</code>	Bitwise XOR	<code>int r = 10;</code>
<code>~</code>	Bitwise NOT	<code>int s = 10;</code>
<code><<</code>	Left shift	<code>int t = 10;</code>
<code>>></code>	Right shift	<code>int u = 10;</code>
<code><<=</code>	Left shift and assign	<code>int v = 10;</code>
<code>>>=</code>	Right shift and assign	<code>int w = 10;</code>
<code>+=</code>	Addition and assign	<code>int x = 10;</code>
<code>-=</code>	Subtraction and assign	<code>int y = 10;</code>
<code>*=</code>	Multiplication and assign	<code>int z = 10;</code>
<code>/=</code>	Division and assign	<code>int aa = 10;</code>
<code>%=</code>	Modulus and assign	<code>int ab = 10;</code>
<code>&=</code>	Bitwise AND and assign	<code>int ac = 10;</code>
<code> =</code>	Bitwise OR and assign	<code>int ad = 10;</code>
<code>^=</code>	Bitwise XOR and assign	<code>int ae = 10;</code>
<code>~=</code>	Bitwise NOT and assign	<code>int af = 10;</code>
<code><<=</code>	Left shift and assign	<code>int ag = 10;</code>
<code>>>=</code>	Right shift and assign	<code>int ah = 10;</code>

PRIMITIVE DATA TYPES

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FOR THE C/C++ PROGRAMMERS

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Synopsis

REA's Quick Access™ (four-panel fold-out computer reference chart) for Java is an excellent resource for the beginning or intermediate programmer. The Java file system is covered, and information for C++ programmers demonstrates the similarities and differences between the two languages. Primitive data types, identifiers and names, as well as Java statements are explored. Input / output, scope rules, event processing, access qualified names, and Java declarations are also included. Important concepts such as access modifiers, exceptions, applets, threads, and the Abstract Windowing Toolkit are covered. The chart also contains a complete, annotated Java program. Useful resources such as a table of operators make this an indispensable aid to anyone who uses this very powerful language, for Web based applets or for full applications. All topics are covered in clear concise language.

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Java Super Review helps students brush up on tough subjects. They are more thorough than ordinary subject reviews but less complex than voluminous study guides. Numerous examples accompany the review and bring it to life. The Java Super Review includes an overview of language fundamentals, object-oriented programming, exception handling, i/o streams and threads, class libraries, applets, applications, custom components, Java Beans, and Java Swing. The accompanying CD-ROM contains the Java SDK (Software Development Kit) for both Windows and

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An excellent introduction to this important programming language.

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